Chapter 4 Fair Game Review

Evaluate the expression when $x = \frac{1}{2}$ and $y = -5$.

1. $-2xy$

2. $4x^2 - 3y$

3. $\frac{10y}{12x + 4}$

4. $11x - 8(x - y)$

Evaluate the expression when $a = -9$ and $b = -4$.

5. $3ab$

6. $a^2 - 2(b + 12)$

7. $\frac{4b^2}{3b - 7}$

8. $7b^2 + 5(ab - 6)$

9. You go to the movies with five friends. You and one of your friends each buy a ticket and a bag of popcorn. The rest of your friends buy just one ticket each. The expression $4x + 2(x + y)$ represents the situation. Evaluate the expression when tickets cost $7.25 and a bag of popcorn costs $3.25.
Use the graph to answer the question.

10. Write the ordered pair that corresponds to Point $D$.

11. Write the ordered pair that corresponds to Point $H$.

12. Which point is located at $(-2, 4)$?

13. Which point is located at $(0, 3)$?

14. Which point(s) are located in Quadrant IV?

15. Which point(s) are located in Quadrant III?

Plot the point.

16. $(3, -1)$

17. $(0, 2)$

18. $(-5, -4)$

19. $(-1, 0)$

20. $(-2, 3)$
Work with a partner.

a. Use the equation \( y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \) to complete the table. (Choose any two \( x \)-values and find the \( y \)-values).

b. Write the two ordered pairs given by the table. These are called solution points of the equation.

c. PRECISION Plot the two solution points. Draw a line exactly through the two points.

d. Find a different point on the line. Check that this point is a solution point of the equation \( y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \).

e. LOGIC Do you think it is true that any point on the line is a solution point of the equation \( y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1 \)? Explain.
4.1 Graphing Linear Equations (continued)

f. Choose five additional $x$-values for the table. (Choose positive and negative $x$-values.) Plot the five corresponding solution points on the previous page. Does each point lie on the line?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solution Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$x$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


g. **LOGIC** Do you think it is true that any solution point of the equation $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$ is a point on the line? Explain.

h. Why do you think $y = ax + b$ is called a *linear equation*?

2 **ACTIVITY:** Using a Graphing Calculator

Use a graphing calculator to graph $y = 2x + 5$.

a. Enter the equation $y = 2x + 5$ into your calculator.

b. Check the settings of the *viewing window*. The boundaries of the graph are set by the minimum and maximum $x$- and $y$-values. The numbers of units between the tick marks are set by the $x$- and $y$-scales.
4.1 Graphing Linear Equations (continued)

c. Graph \( y = 2x + 5 \) on your calculator.

d. Change the settings of the viewing window to match those shown. Compare the two graphs.

What Is Your Answer?

3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you recognize a linear equation? How can you draw its graph? Write an equation that is linear. Write an equation that is not linear.

4. Use a graphing calculator to graph \( y = 5x - 12 \) in the standard viewing window.

a. Can you tell where the line crosses the \( x \)-axis? Can you tell where the line crosses the \( y \)-axis?

b. How can you adjust the viewing window so that you can determine where the line crosses the \( x \)- and \( y \)-axes?

5. CHOOSE TOOLS You want to graph \( y = 2.5x - 3.8 \). Would you graph it by hand or by using a graphing calculator? Why?
4.1 Practice
For use after Lesson 4.1

Graph the linear equation. Use a graphing calculator to check your graph, if possible.

1. \( y = 4 \)

2. \( y = -\frac{1}{3}x \)

3. \( y + 2x = 3 \)

4. \( 2y - 3x = 1 \)

5. The equation \( y = 2x + 4 \) represents the cost \( y \) (in dollars) of renting a movie after \( x \) days of late charges.
   a. Graph the equation.
   b. Use the graph to determine how much it costs after 3 days of late charges.
4.2 Slope of a Line
For use with Activity 4.2

Essential Question: How can the slope of a line be used to describe the line?

Slope is the rate of change between any two points on a line. It is the measure of the steepness of the line.

To find the slope of a line, find the ratio of the change in y (vertical change) to the change in x (horizontal change).

$$slope = \frac{\text{change in } y}{\text{change in } x}$$

1 ACTIVITY: Finding the Slope of a Line

Work with a partner. Find the slope of each line using two methods.

Method 1: Use the two black points.
Method 2: Use the two gray points.

Do you get the same slope using each method? Why do you think this happens?

a.

b.

c.

d.
4.2 Slope of a Line (continued)

2 ACTIVITY: Using Similar Triangles

Work with a partner. Use the figure shown.

a. \( \triangle ABC \) is a right triangle formed by drawing a horizontal line segment from point \( A \) and a vertical line segment from point \( B \). Use this method to draw another right triangle, \( \triangle DEF \).

b. What can you conclude about \( \triangle ABC \) and \( \triangle DEF \)? Justify your conclusion.

c. For each triangle, find the ratio of the length of the vertical side to the length of the horizontal side. What do these ratios represent?

d. What can you conclude about the slope between any two points on the line?

3 ACTIVITY: Drawing Lines with Given Slopes

Work with a partner.

a. Draw two lines with slope \( \frac{3}{4} \). One line passes through \((-4, 1)\), and the other line passes through \((4, 0)\). What do you notice about the two lines?
4.2 Slope of a Line (continued)

b. Draw two lines with slope \( -\frac{4}{3} \). One line passes through \((2, 1)\), and the other line passes through \((-1, -1)\). What do you notice about the two lines?

![Graph with labeled axes showing two lines with slope \(-\frac{4}{3}\).]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>-5</th>
<th>-4</th>
<th>-3</th>
<th>-2</th>
<th>-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


c. **CONJECTURE** Make a conjecture about two different nonvertical lines in the same plane that have the same slope.


d. Graph one line from part (a) and one line from part (b) in the same coordinate plane. Describe the angle formed by the two lines. What do you notice about the product of the slopes of the two lines?

![Graph with labeled axes showing two lines graphed.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>-5</th>
<th>-4</th>
<th>-3</th>
<th>-2</th>
<th>-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


e. **REPEATED REASONING** Repeat part (d) for the two lines you did not choose. Based on your results, make a conjecture about two lines in the same plane whose slopes have a product of \(-1\).

![Graph with labeled axes showing two lines graphed.]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>-5</td>
<td>-4</td>
<td>-3</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>x</th>
<th>-5</th>
<th>-4</th>
<th>-3</th>
<th>-2</th>
<th>-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>y</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What Is Your Answer?

4. **IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you use the slope of a line to describe the line?
4.2 Practice
For use after Lesson 4.2

Find the slope of the line.

1. 

2. 

3. 

4. 

5. Which set of stairs is more difficult to climb? Explain.

Staircase 1
Staircase 2
Which lines are parallel? How do you know?

1. 
   -  
     \[ (\text{-}1, 1), \quad (2, 1) \]
     \[ (\text{-}4, \text{-}4), \quad (0, \text{-}4) \]

2. 
   -  
     \[ (-4, 5), \quad (-1, 3) \]
     \[ (-5, \text{-}4), \quad (-2, \text{-}6) \]

Are the given lines parallel? Explain your reasoning.

3. \( y = 2, y = -4 \)  
4. \( x = 3, y = -3 \)

5. Is the quadrilateral a parallelogram? 
   Justify your answer.
Which lines are perpendicular? How do you know?

6. [Diagram showing two lines intersecting at a right angle with labeled points: R(-2, 1), B(4, 4), and others.]

7. [Diagram showing two lines intersecting at a right angle with labeled points: R(3, 5), B(1, 5), and others.]

Are the given lines perpendicular? Explain your reasoning.

8. \(x = 0, y = 3\)

9. \(y = 2, y = \frac{1}{2}\)

10. Is the parallelogram a rectangle? Justify your answer.

[Diagram of a parallelogram with labeled vertices: M(-4, -4), L(1, 4), J(4, -3), and K(-3, -3).]
4.3 Graphing Proportional Relationships
For use with Activity 4.3

Essential Question  How can you describe the graph of the equation \( y = mx \)?

1 ACTIVITY: Identifying Proportional Relationships

Work with a partner. Tell whether \( x \) and \( y \) are in a proportional relationship. Explain your reasoning.

a.  Money

\[
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\text{Hours worked} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline
\text{Earnings (dollars)} & 0 & 10 & 20 & 30 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

b.  Helicopter

\[
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\text{Time (seconds)} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline
\text{Height (meters)} & 35 & 30 & 25 & 20 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

c.  Tickets

\[
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\text{Number of tickets} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline
\text{Cost (dollars)} & 0 & 20 & 40 & 60 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

d.  Pizzas

\[
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline
\text{Number of pizzas} & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline
\text{Cost (dollars)} & 0 & 25 & 50 & 75 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

e.  Laps, \( x \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>\text{Time (seconds), } y</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>480</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

f.  Cups of Sugar, \( x \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>\frac{1}{2}</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>\frac{1}{2}</th>
<th>2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cups of Sugar, ( y )</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cups of Flour, \( y \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
4.3 Graphing Proportional Relationships (continued)

2 ACTIVITY: Analyzing Proportional Relationships

Work with a partner. Use only the proportional relationships in Activity 1 to do the following.

• Find the slope of the line.
• Find the value of $y$ for the ordered pair $(1, y)$.

What do you notice? What does the value of $y$ represent?

3 ACTIVITY: Deriving an Equation

Work with a partner. Let $(x, y)$ represent any point on the graph of a proportional relationship.

a. Explain why the two triangles are similar.

b. Because the triangles are similar, the corresponding side lengths are proportional. Use the vertical and horizontal side lengths to complete the steps below.

\[
\frac{m}{1} = \frac{m}{x} \quad \text{Ratios of side lengths}
\]

\[
\frac{m}{y} = m \quad \text{Simplify.}
\]

\[
\frac{m}{1} = m \quad \text{Multiplication Property of Equality}
\]

What does the final equation represent?
c. Use your result in part (b) to write an equation that represents each proportional relationship in Activity 1.

**What Is Your Answer?**

4. **IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How can you describe the graph of the equation $y = mx$? How does the value of $m$ affect the graph of the equation?

5. Give a real-life example of two quantities that are in a proportional relationship. Write an equation that represents the relationship and sketch its graph.
1. The amount $p$ (in dollars) that you earn by working $h$ hours is represented by the equation $p = 9h$. Graph the equation and interpret the slope.

2. The cost $c$ (in dollars) to rent a bicycle is proportional to the number $h$ of hours that you rent the bicycle. It costs $20 to rent the bicycle for 4 hours.
   a. Write an equation that represents the situation.
   b. Interpret the slope.
   c. How much does it cost to rent the bicycle for 6 hours?
Essential Question How can you describe the graph of the equation $y = mx + b$?

1 ACTIVITY: Analyzing Graphs of Lines

Work with a partner.

- Graph each equation.
- Find the slope of each line.
- Find the point where each line crosses the $y$-axis.
- Complete the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equation</th>
<th>Slope of Graph</th>
<th>Point of Intersection with $y$-axis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. $y = -x + 2$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. $y = -x - 2$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. $y = x + 2$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. $y = x - 2$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g. $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h. $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 1$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. $y = 3x + 2$</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Graphing Linear Equations in Slope-Intercept Form (continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Equation</th>
<th>Slope of Graph</th>
<th>Point of Intersection with y-axis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>( y = 3x - 2 )</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**k.** Do you notice any relationship between the slope of the graph and its equation? Between the point of intersection with the \( y \)-axis and its equation? Compare the results with those of other students in your class.

**2 ACTIVITY: Deriving an Equation**

Work with a partner.

**a.** Look at the graph of each equation in Activity 1. Do any of the graphs represent a proportional relationship? Explain.

**b.** For a nonproportional linear relationship, the graph crosses the \( y \)-axis at some point \((0, b)\), where \( b \) does not equal 0.

Let \((x, y)\) represent any other point on the graph. You can use the formula for slope to write the equation for a nonproportional linear relationship.

Use the graph to complete the steps.

\[
\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = m
\]

**Slope formula**

\[
\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = m
\]

**Substitute values.**

\[
\frac{y - y_1}{x - x_1} = m
\]

**Simplify.**

\[
\frac{y}{x} = m
\]

**Multiplication Property of Equality**

\[
y = m \cdot x + b
\]

**Addition Property of Equality**
4.4 Graphing Linear Equations in Slope-Intercept Form (continued)

c. What do $m$ and $b$ represent in the equation?

What Is Your Answer?

3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you describe the graph of the equation $y = mx + b$?

a. How does the value of $m$ affect the graph of the equation?

b. How does the value of $b$ affect the graph of the equation?

c. Check your answers to parts (a) and (b) with three equations that are not in Activity 1.

4. LOGIC Why do you think $y = mx + b$ is called the slope-intercept form of the equation of a line? Use drawings or diagrams to support your answer.
4.4 Practice
For use after Lesson 4.4

Find the slope and \( y \)-intercept of the graph of the linear equation.

1. \( y = -3x + 9 \)  
2. \( y = 4 - \frac{2}{5}x \)  
3. \( 6 + y = 8x \)

Graph the linear equation. Identify the \( x \)-intercept. Use a graphing calculator to check your answer.

4. \( y = \frac{2}{3}x + 6 \)  
5. \( y - 10 = -5x \)

6. The equation \( y = -90 + 1440 \) represents the time (in minutes) left after \( x \) games of a tournament.
   
a. Graph the equation.

b. Interpret the \( x \)-intercept and slope.
4.5 Graphing Linear Equations in Standard Form

For use with Activity 4.5

Essential Question  How can you describe the graph of the equation $ax + by = c$?

1 ACTIVITY: Using a Table to Plot Points

Work with a partner. You sold a total of $16 worth of tickets to a school concert. You lost track of how many of each type of ticket you sold.

a. Let $x$ represent the number of adult tickets. Let $y$ represent the number of student tickets. Write an equation that relates $x$ and $y$.

b. Complete the table showing the different combinations of tickets you might have sold.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Adult Tickets, $x$</th>
<th>Number of Student Tickets, $y$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(c. Plot the points from the table. Describe the pattern formed by the points.

d. If you remember how many adult tickets you sold, can you determine how many student tickets you sold? Explain your reasoning.
Work with a partner. You sold a total of $16 worth of cheese. You forgot how many pounds of each type of cheese you sold.

a. Let \( x \) represent the number of pounds of swiss cheese. Let \( y \) represent the number of pounds of cheddar cheese. Write an equation that relates \( x \) and \( y \).

b. Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form. Then graph the equation.
4.5 Graphing Linear Equations in Standard Form (continued)

c. You sold 2 pounds of cheddar cheese. How many pounds of swiss cheese did you sell?

d. Does the value $x = 2.5$ make sense in the context of the problem? Explain.

What Is Your Answer?

3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you describe the graph of the equation $ax + by = c$?


5. Write a real-life problem that is similar to those shown in Activities 1 and 2.

6. Why do you think it might be easier to graph $x + y = 10$ without rewriting it in slope-intercept form and then graphing?
4.5 Practice
For use after Lesson 4.5

Write the linear equation in slope-intercept form.

1. \(2x - y = 7\) 
2. \(\frac{1}{4}x + y = -\frac{2}{7}\) 
3. \(3x - 5y = -20\)

Graph the linear equation using intercepts. Use a graphing calculator to check your graph.

4. \(2x - 3y = 12\)
5. \(x + 9y = -27\)

6. You go shopping and buy \(x\) shirts for $12 and \(y\) jeans for $28. The total spent is $84.
   a. Write an equation in standard form that models how much money you spent.
   b. Graph the equation and interpret the intercepts.
Essential Question  How can you write an equation of a line when you are given the slope and $y$-intercept of the line?

1 ACTIVITY: Writing Equations of Lines

Work with a partner.

- Find the slope of each line.
- Find the $y$-intercept of each line.
- Write an equation for each line.
- What do the three lines have in common?

a. 

b. 

c. 

d. 
2 ACTIVITY: Describing a Parallelogram

Work with a partner.

- Find the area of each parallelogram.

- Write an equation that represents each side of each parallelogram.

3 ACTIVITY: Interpreting the Slope and the y-Intercept

Work with a partner. The graph shows a trip taken by a car, where \( t \) is the time (in hours) and \( y \) is the distance (in miles) from Phoenix.

a. Find the \( y \)-intercept of the graph. What does it represent?
4.6 Writing Equations in Slope-Intercept Form (continued)

b. Find the slope of the graph. What does it represent?

c. How long did the trip last?

d. How far from Phoenix was the car at the end of the trip?

e. Write an equation that represents the graph.

What Is Your Answer?

4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you write an equation of a line when you are given the slope and the $y$-intercept of the line? Give an example that is different from those in Activities 1, 2, and 3.

5. Two sides of a parallelogram are represented by the equations $y = 2x + 1$ and $y = -x + 3$. Give two equations that can represent the other two sides.
Write an equation of the line in slope-intercept form.

1. \[(1, 9)\]

2. \[(-1, -8)\]

3. \[(-5, -1)\]

4. \[(2, -2)\]

Write an equation of the line that passes through the points.

5. \((3, 8), (-2, 8)\)

6. \((4, 3), (6, -3)\)

7. \((-1, 0), (-5, 0)\)

8. You organize a garage sale. You have $30 at the beginning of the sale. You earn an average of $20 per hour. Write an equation that represents the amount of money \(y\) you have after \(x\) hours.
Essential Question  How can you write an equation of a line when you are given the slope and a point on the line?

1 ACTIVITY: Writing Equations of Lines

Work with a partner.

- Sketch the line that has the given slope and passes through the given point.
- Find the $y$-intercept of the line.
- Write an equation of the line.

a. $m = -2$

b. $m = \frac{1}{3}$

c. $m = -\frac{2}{3}$

d. $m = \frac{5}{2}$

[Graphs showing lines with given slopes and points]
4.7 Writing Equations in Point-Slope Form (continued)

2 ACTIVITY: Deriving an Equation

Work with a partner.

a. Draw a nonvertical line that passes through the point \((x_1, y_1)\).

b. Plot another point on your line. Label this point as \((x, y)\). This point represents any other point on the line.

c. Label the rise and run of the line through the points \((x_1, y_1)\) and \((x, y)\).

d. The rise can be written as \(y - y_1\). The run can be written as \(x - x_1\). Explain why this is true.

e. Write an equation for the slope \(m\) of the line using the expressions from part (d).

f. Multiply each side of the equation by the expression in the denominator. Write your result. What does this result represent?
Work with a partner.

For 4 months, you saved $25 a month. You now have $175 in your savings account.

- Draw a graph that shows the balance in your account after \( t \) months.
- Use your result from Activity 2 to write an equation that represents the balance \( A \) after \( t \) months.

What Is Your Answer?

4. Redo Activity 1 using the equation you found in Activity 2. Compare the results. What do you notice?

5. Why do you think \( y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \) is called the point-slope form of the equation of a line? Why do you think this is important?

6. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you write an equation of a line when you are given the slope and a point on the line? Give an example that is different from those in Activity 1.
Write in point-slope form an equation of the line that passes through the given point that has the given slope.

1. \( m = -3; (-4, 6) \)
2. \( m = -\frac{4}{3}; (3, -1) \)

Write in slope-intercept form an equation of the line that passes through the given points.

3. \((-3, 0), (-2, 3)\)
4. \((-6, 10), (6, -10)\)

5. The total cost for bowling includes the fee for shoe rental plus a fee per game. The cost of each game increases the price by $4. After 3 games, the total cost with shoe rental is $14.
   a. Write an equation to represent the total cost \( y \) to rent shoes and bowl \( x \) games.
   b. How much is shoe rental? How is this represented in the equation?